

FastStart Essential DNA Probes Master

I Version 03

Content version: November 2012

Ready-to-use hot start reaction mix for real-time PCR with the LightCycler[®] Nano System and LightCycler[®] 96 System

Cat. No. 06 402 682 001

 5×1 ml (5 × 100 reactions, 20 µl each)

Store the kit at -15 to $-25^{\circ}C$

www.roche-applied-science.com

Table of Contents

1.	What this Product Does	3
	Number of Tests	3
	Kit Contents	3
	Storage and Stability	3
	Additional Equipment and Reagents Required	4
	Application	4
	Assay Time	5
2.	How to Use this Product	6
2.1	Before You Begin	6
	Sample Material	6
	Negative Control	6
	Primers	6
	Probes	6
	MgCl ₂	7
2.2	Experimental Protocol	7
2.2.1	LightCycler [®] Nano Instrument Protocol	8
2.2.2	LightCycler [®] 96 Instrument Protocol	8
	Preparation of the PCR Mix	9
2.3	Related Procedures	11
	Prevention of Carryover Contamination	11
	Two-Step RT-PCR	11
3.	Results	12
	Quantification Analysis	12
4.	Troubleshooting	13
5.	Additional Information on this Product	15
	How this Product Works	15
	Test Principle	15
	References	16
	Quality Control	16
6.	Supplementary Information	
6.1	Conventions	17
	Text Conventions	17
	Symbols	17
6.2	Changes to Previous Version	17
6.3	Ordering Information	17
6.4	Disclaimer of License	20
6.5	Trademarks	20
6.6	Regulatory Disclaimer	20

P R O T O C O L

1. What this Product Does

Number of Tests The kit is designed for 500 reactions with a final reaction volume of 20 µl each.

Kit Contents

	Vial/Cap	Label	Use	Content
	1 red cap	FastStart Essential DNA Probes Master; 2× conc.	 Ready-to-use hot start PCR mix Contains FastStart Taq DNA Polymerase, reac- tion buffer, dNTP mix (with dUTP instead of dTTP), and MgCl₂ 	• 5 vials, 1 ml each (2× conc.)
	2 colorless cap	FastStart Essential DNA Probes Master; H ₂ O, PCR grade	 To adjust the final reaction volume 	 5 vials, 1 ml each
Storage and Stability	Store the F • The kit i • Once th ing table	kit at -15 to -25°C un s shipped on dry ice. e kit is opened, store e:	til the expiration date print	ed on the label. scribed in the follow-
	Label		Storage	
	FastStart E Master; 2×	ssential DNA Probes conc.	 Store at -15 to -25°C. After first thawing, the stored for up to 4 weel Avoid repeated freezin 	master may be (s at +2 to +8°C. g and thawing.
	FastStart E Master; H ₂	ssential DNA Probes O, PCR grade	• Store at -15 to -25°C.	
	The construction of the	omplete PCR mix (<i>i.e</i> nted with primers, p is to +25°C. Keep the	e, FastStart Essential DNA obe, and template) is stab PCR mix away from light!.	Probes Master sup- le for up to 24 hours

Additional Equipment and Reagents Required	Additional equipment and reagents required to perform reactions with the FastStart Essential DNA Probes Master using a) the LightCycler [®] Nano System or b) the LightCycler [®] 96 System include:		
	 a) LightCycler[®] Nano Instrument* LightCycler[®] 8-Tube Strips (clear)* 		
	 b) LightCycler[®] 96 Instrument* LightCycler[®] 480 Multiwell Plate 96 (white)* LightCycler[®] 480 Sealing Foils* LightCycler[®] 8-Tube Strips (white)* 		
	a) and b)		
	 Standard swing-bucket centrifuge containing a rotor for multiwell plates with suitable adaptor LightCycler[®] Uracil-DNA Glycosylase* (optional t) 		
	 Nuclease-free aerosol-resistant ninette tins 		
	 Pipettes with disposable, positive-displacement tips 		
	 Sterile 1.5 ml reaction tubes for preparing master mixes and dilutions 		
	For prevention of carryover contamination, see Related Procedures section for details.		
	* available from Roche Applied Science; see Ordering Information for details.		
Application	The FastStart Essential DNA Probes Master is designed for research studies on the LightCycler [®] Nano System and LightCycler [®] 96 System. The FastStart Essential DNA Probes Master is a ready-to-use hot start reaction mix designed for detecting DNA targets with hydrolysis probes. The FastStart Essential DNA Probes Master is a ready-to-use hot start reaction mix designed for detecting DNA targets with hydrolysis probes. It allows very sen- sitive detection and quantification of defined DNA sequences as well as end- point genotyping analysis. The kit may also be used in other types of PCR on the LightCycler [®] Nano and LightCycler [®] 96 System.		
	The kit can also help prevent carryover contamination during PCR (when used with LightCycler [®] Uracil-DNA Glycosylase) or to perform the second step of a two-step RT-PCR.		
	In principle, the FastStart Essential DNA Probes Master can be used to amplify and detect any DNA or cDNA target. However, the detection protocol must be adapted to the reaction conditions of the LightCycler [®] Nano or LightCycler [®] 96 Instrument, and specific PCR primers and probes must be designed for each target.		

Assay Time Variable, depending on the number of cycles and the annealing time.

For example, if the cycling program specifies 45 cycles and an annealing time of 30 seconds, a LightCycler[®] Nano PCR run will last about 56 minutes, including 10 minutes pre-incubation time.

If the cycling program specifies 45 cycles with 10 seconds denaturation and 30 seconds annealing, a LightCycler[®] 96 PCR run will last about 1:12 hours, including 10 minutes pre-incubation time.

2. How to Use this Product

2.1 Before You Begin

• Use any template DNA (e.g., genomic or plasmid DNA, cDNA) suitable for Sample Material PCR, as long as it is sufficiently pure, concentrated, and free of PCR inhibitors. A For reproducible isolation of nucleic acids use: - the MagNA Pure LC Instrument*. or the MagNA Pure 96 Instrument*. or the MagNA Pure Compact Instrument*, and a dedicated MagNA Pure nucleic acid isolation kit (for automated isolation). or - a High Pure Nucleic Acid Isolation Kit* (for manual isolation) - RealTime ready Cell Lysis Kit* (for lysing cells prior to two-step real-time **RT-PCR** applications). For details, see the Roche Applied Science Biochemicals catalog or home page, www.roche-applied-science.com. Use up to 500 ng complex genomic DNA or 10⁰ – 10¹⁰ copies plasmid DNA for a reaction volume of 20 µl. For larger volumes, the amount of template can be increased equivalently. (1) If you are using an unpurified cDNA product from a reverse transcription reaction, especially if it contains high background concentrations of RNA and oligonucleotides, you can improve your results by using 2 µl (or less) of that sample in the reaction and applying a 10 minute pre-incubation at 95°C. This will result in lower crossing point (Cp), or quantification cycle (Cg) values with a decreased standard deviation. Negative Control Always run a negative control with the samples. To prepare negative controls: Replace the template DNA with PCR grade water (Vial 2; this will reveal whether a contamination problem exists). In a 2-step RT-PCR setup, omit addition of reverse transcriptase to the cDNA synthesis reaction (this will indicate whether DNA in RNA samples causes false-positive results). Primers Suitable concentrations of PCR primers range from 0.3 to 1 µM (final concentration in reaction). The recommended starting concentration is 0.5 µM each. (1) The optimal primer concentration is the lowest concentration that results in the lowest Cq and an adequate fluorescence for a given target concentration. ▲ Optimize the primer concentration first, then determine the probe optimization using the optimized primer concentrations. Probes Suitable concentrations of hydrolysis probes range from 0.05 to 0.2 µM (final concentration in reaction).

- The optimal probe concentration is the lowest concentration that results in the lowest Cq and an adequate fluorescence for a given target concentration.
- A For a digestible hybridization complex to form correctly, the hydrolysis probe must anneal to the target before primer extension. The T_m of the probe should be only slightly higher than the T_m of the PCR primer, so the hybridization complex is stable. Furthermore, the probe sequence must account for mismatches in the DNA template, since these will also affect the annealing temperature.
- **MgCl₂** The reaction mix in this kit already contains an optimal concentration of MgCl₂, which works with nearly all primer combinations.
 - Source of the Second Second

2.2 Experimental Protocol

Program the LightCycler[®] Nano or LightCycler[®] 96 Instrument before preparing the reaction mixes.

A LightCycler[®] Nano or LightCycler[®] 96 Instument protocol that uses FastStart Essential DNA Probes Master should contain the following programs:

- Pre-Incubation (Hold) for activation of FastStart Taq DNA polymerase and denaturation of the DNA.
- Amplification of the target DNA.

For details on how to program the experimental protocol, see the LightCycler[®] Nano or LightCycler[®] 96 System Guides.

The following tables shows the PCR parameters that must be programmed for a LightCycler[®] Nano or LightCycler[®] 96 System PCR run with the FastStart Essential DNA Probes Master using LightCycler[®] 8-Tube Strips or LightCycler[®] 480 Multiwell Plates. The hold times shown here are a robust protocol (standard protocol) and can be shortened depending on your assay design¹⁾.

2.2.1 LightCycler[®] Nano Instrument Protocol

The following procedure is optimized for use with the ${\rm LightCycler}^{\circledast}$ Nano Instrument.

Setup					
Run Settings					
Optics Settings					
Hydrolysis Probes		Normal Quality			
Profile					
Programs					
Temp. (°C)	Ramp (°C/s)	Hold (s)	Acquire		
Hold					
95	4	600 ³⁾			
2-Step Amplificat	ion				
No. of Cycles: 45					
95	5	20 1) 4)			
60 primer dependent ²	4	40 ^{1) 4)}	\checkmark		

2.2.2 LightCycler[®] 96 Instrument Protocol

The following procedure is optimized for use with the ${\rm LightCycler}^{{\scriptscriptstyle \mathbb{B}}}$ 96 Instrument.

Run Editor			
Detection Format			
Dyes 1:		FAM	
Programs			
Temp. (°C)	Ramp (°C/s)	Hold (s)	Acquisition Mode
Pre-incubation			
95	4.4	600 ³⁾	
2-Step Amplificatio	n		
No. of Cycles: 45			
95	4.4	10 ^{1) 4)}	
60 primer dependent ²⁾	2.2	30 1) 4)	Single

Version 03

	 Fe ministration Fe tu Fe events Fe even	pr well-established assays (with amplicon size not ex- nay shorten the amplification times to: 95°C for 10 ec-onds. Fourty-five cycles are suitable for most as nd has steep amplification curves and early crossing entrations are low), 40 cycles should be sufficient. I rill reduce the time required for the assay (fast proto prinitial experiments, set the target temperature (fure) 5°C below the calculated primer T_{m} , or some assays, a pre-incubation of 300 seconds is ver, if high polymerase activity is required in early accommended, especially for higher reaction volumes fied cDNA samples as template. Do not use more the le.	kceeding 200 bp in length), you i seconds, and 60°C for 10-30 isays. If the assay is optimized points (even when target con- Reducing the number of cycles col). the primer annealing tempera- sufficient (fast protocol). How- cycles, a 600-second period is is and when working with unpu- nan 2 μ l unpurified cDNA sam- ents, it can be advantageous (in sion times for the amplification action volumes.	
Preparation of the PCR Mix	Follo	w the procedure below to prepare one 20 µl s Always wear gloves during handling.	tandard reaction.	
	0	 Thaw one vial of "FastStart Essential DNA Probes Master" (Vial 1, red cap) and Water, PCR grade (Vial 2, colorless cap). Briefly spin vials in a microcentrifuge before opening to ensure recovery of all the contents. Mix carefully by pipetting up and down and store on ice. 		
	2	Prepare a 10× concentrated solution that c hydrolysis probe.	ontains PCR primers and	
	3	In a 1.5 ml reaction tube on ice, prepare the reaction by adding the following componen below:	PCR mix for one 20 μl ts in the order listed	
		Component	Volume	
		Water, PCR grade (Vial 2, colorless cap)	3 µl	
		Primer-probe mix ^{1),} 10× conc.	2 µl	
		Master Mix, 2× conc. (Vial 1, red cap)	10 µl	
		Total Volume	15 µl	
		 Due to possible primer/primer interactions that may be necessary to preheat the PCR primer- 95°C before starting the reaction. This extra st sitivity. 	at occur during storage, it probe mix for 1 minute at ep will ensure optimum sen-	
		In prepare the PCR mix for more than o	ne reaction, multiply the	

To prepare the PCR mix for more than one reaction, multiply the amount in the "Volume" column above by z, where z = the number of reactions to be run + sufficient additional reactions.

4	• Mix carefully by pipetting up and down. Do not vortex.
-	 Pipet 15 µl PCR mix into each reaction vessel of a LightCycler[®]

- 8-Tube Strip or LightCycler[®] 480 Multiwell Plate.
- Add 5 µl of the DNA template.
- Close the reaction vessels.
- Place the LightCycler[®] 480 Multiwell Plate in a standard swing-bucket centrifuge with a suitable adapter.
 - Balance it with a suitable counterweight, such as another LightCycler[®] 480 Multiwell Plate, or
 - Place the 8-tube strips into a standard multiwell plate 96 (MWP) and balance them in the centrifuge.
 - Centrifuge at 1,500 \times g for 0.5 2 minutes.
- Load the reaction vessels into the LightCycler[®] Nano or LightCycler[®] 96 Instrument.
- Start the PCR program described above.
 - If you use reaction volumes different from 20 µl, it might be advantageous to adapt the hold times.

2.3 Related Procedures

Prevention of
Carryover
ContaminationUracil DNA N-Glycosylase (UNG) can help prevent carryover contamination in
PCR. The prevention technique involves incorporating deoxyuridine triphos-
phate (dUTP, a component of the Master Mix in this kit) into amplification
products, then pretreating later PCR mixtures with UNG. If a dUTP-containing
contaminant is present in the later PCRs, it will be cleaved by a combination of
the UNG and the high temperatures of the initial denaturation step; it will not
serve as a PCR template.

- Since your target DNA template contains thymidine rather than uridine, it is not affected by this procedure.
- ▲ To ensure optimal results in carryover prevention reactions with the FastStart Essential DNA Probes Master, always use LightCycler[®] Uracil-DNA Glycosylase*. Follow the Instructions for Use for the enzyme.
- **Two-Step**
RT-PCRFastStart Essential DNA Probes Master can also be used to perform the sec-
ond step of a two-step RT-PCR.

In two-step RT-PCR, the first step (reverse transcription of RNA into cDNA) is performed outside the LightCycler[®] Nano or LightCycler[®] 96 System. Subsequent amplification and online monitoring is performed according to the LightCycler[®] Nano or LightCycler[®] 96 System standard procedure, using cDNA as starting sample material.

The Transcriptor First Strand cDNA Synthesis Kit* is recommended for reverse transcription of RNA into cDNA. Synthesis of cDNA is performed according to the instructions provided with the kit.

For initial experiments, we recommend running undiluted, 1:10 diluted, and 1:100 diluted cDNA template in parallel to determine the optimum template amount. If you use undiluted cDNA as template, use a 600-second pre-incubation.

3. Results

Quantification Analysis

The following amplification curve was obtained by using the FastStart Essential DNA Probes Master on the LightCycler[®] Nano Instrument in combination with the β -Actin RealTime ready Assay No. 1007903, targeting mouse β -Actin mRNA. The intensity in relative fluorescence units (RFU) versus cycle number is displayed (see Figure 1).

2-step protocol (95°C 10 minutes; 45 × 95°C 10 seconds, 60°C 10 seconds)



Fig. 1: Serially diluted samples containing cDNA derived from 50 ng, 5 ng, 500 pg, 50 pg, and 5 pg of total mouse RNA as starting template were amplified using the Fast-Start Essential DNA Probes Master. As negative control, template cDNA was replaced by PCR grade water.

4. Troubleshooting

	Cause	Recommendation
Log-linear phase of amplification just starts as the cycling program ends	Starting amount of nucleic acid is very low.	 Improve PCR conditions (<i>e.g.</i>, primer design). Use more starting DNA template. Repeat the run.
	Hold times in the cycling protocol are too short.	 Optimize the run protocol by extending the hold times for annealing and elongation.
	The number of cycles is too low.	Increase the number of cycles in the cycle program.
No amplification	Wrong detection format	Change the dye for the target.
detectable	Impure sample material inhibits reaction.	 Try a 1:10 dilution of your sample. Purify the nucleic acids from your sample material to ensure removal of inhibitory agents.
	FastStart DNA Polymerase is not sufficiently activated.	 Make sure PCR protocol includes an initial pre-incubation step (95°C for 10 minutes). Make sure denaturation time during amplification is 10 seconds.
	Zoom function in the graph is active and only a small part of the chart is visible.	Undo the zoom function.
	Measurements do not occur.	Check the cycling program of the experi- mental protocol. For Hydrolysis Probes, choose "Acquire" (LightCycler [®] Nano Instrument) or "Single" under Acquisition Mode (LightCycler [®] 96 Instrument) at the end of the annealing/elongation phase.
	Pipetting errors or omitted reagents.	Check for missing or defective reagents.
	Difficult template, for example, unusually GC-rich sequence.	 Optimize temperatures and times used for the amplification cycles. Optimize primer/probe sequences. Repeat PCR, but add increasing amounts of DMSO. (Use as much as 10% DMSO in the reaction.)

	Cause	Recommendation
Fluorescence inten- sity varies	Some of the reagent is still in the upper part of the reaction vessel, or an air bubble is trapped in the reaction vessel.	Repeat centrifugation, but allow sufficient centrifugation time (<i>e.g.</i> , $0.5 - 2$ minutes at 1,500 × <i>g</i>) for all reagents to reach the bottom of the reaction vessel and/or to expel air bubbles.
	Skin oils or dirt are present on the surface of the reac- tion vessel and/or lid or sealing foil.	Always wear gloves.
Fluorescence inten- sity is very low	Wrong Optics Settings in the Run Settings folder.	 Check Optics Settings for proper selection prior to each run.
	Poor PCR efficiency (reac- tion conditions not opti- mized).	 Check concentrations of reagents and probes. Optimize protocol. Always run a positive control along with your samples.
	Low concentration or dete- rioration of dyes in the reaction mixtures because dye was not stored prop- erly.	 Keep dye-labeled reagents away from light. Store the reagents at -15 to -25°C and avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
Negative control sample gives a pos- itive signal	Contamination	 Remake all critical solutions. Pipet reagents on a clean bench. Use UNG to eliminate carryover contamination.
High background	Fluorescence signals are very low, therefore the background seems rela- tively high.	Follow general strategies for optimizing PCR runs.
	Probe quality is poor.	Prepare a new probe solution.
High standard devi- ation of Cq values	Impure, heterogeneous DNA template.	 Make sure PCR included a pre-incubation step at 95°C for 10 minutes. Use a maximum of 2 µl unpurified cDNA sample.
Baseline drift	Reaction vessels not sealed properly.	Be sure to seal the tubes or multiwell plate correctly.
	Cycler is loaded unbal- anced.	If you use only two strips, be sure to load the 8 tube strips balanced in the outer rows.

5. Additional Information on this Product

How this Product Works FastStart Essential DNA Probes Master is a ready-to-use reaction mix specifically developed for the hydrolysis probe detection format in LightCycler[®] 8-Tube Strips or single tubes on the LightCycler[®] Nano Instrument or LightCycler[®] 480 Multiwell Plates 96, or 8-Tube Strips on the LightCycler[®] 96 Instrument. It contains FastStart Taq DNA Polymerase for hot start PCR, which significantly improves the specificity and sensitivity of PCR by minimizing the formation of nonspecific amplification products (1, 2, 3, 4).

FastStart Taq DNA Polymerase is a chemically modified form of thermostable recombinant Taq DNA Polymerase that shows no activity up to 75°C. The enzyme is active only at high temperatures, where primers no longer bind non-specifically. The enzyme is completely activated (by removal of blocking groups) in a single pre-incubation step (95°C, 5 – 10 minutes) before cycling begins. Activation does not require the extra handling steps typical of other hot start techniques.

Test Principle Sequence-specific detection of PCR products relies on sequence-specific oligonucleotide probes that are coupled to fluorophores. These probes hybridize to their complementary sequence in target PCR products. Hydrolysis probe chemistry uses the so-called FRET principle. Fluorescence Resonance Energy Transfer (FRET) is based on the transfer of energy from one fluorophore (the donor or reporter) to another adjacent fluorophore (the acceptor or quencher). Hydrolysis probe assays can technically be described as homogeneous for nucleose prevents either a standard of an extendeble prevents which is descued.

5'-nuclease assays, since a single 3' non-extendable probe, which is cleaved during PCR amplification, is used to detect the accumulation of a specific target DNA sequence (5). This single probe contains two labels, a fluorescent reporter and a quencher, in close proximity to each other. When the probe is intact, the quencher dye is close enough to the reporter dye to suppress the reporter fluorescent signal (fluorescent quenching takes place via FRET). During PCR, the 5'-nuclease activity of the polymerase cleaves the hydrolysis probe, separating the reporter and quencher. The reporter dye is no longer quenched and emits a fluorescent signal when excited.

The LightCycler[®] Nano and LightCycler[®] 96 Instruments are factory calibrated for the following commonly used reporter dyes for hydrolysis probes: FAM, VIC, HEX, Yellow 555, LightCycler[®] Red 610, Texas Red, and Cy5. These labeled hydrolysis probes can be used separately or in combination, which permits either single- or dual-color (LightCycler[®] Nano Instrument) or up to four-color (LightCycler[®] 96 Instrument) detection. There is no need for color compensation/calibration runs.

- For dual-color hydrolysis probe assays, it is recommended to use dark quencher dyes (*i.e.*, dye molecules which efficiently quench the fluorescence of a FRET reporter dye without emitting fluorescence themselves). Roche Applied Science recommends BHQ-2 (quenching range 550 – 650 nm) for all hydrolysis probe reporter dyes listed above.
- S Color compensation is automatically performed (all analysis data are color compensated).

References	1 Chou, Q <i>et al.</i> (1992) Prevention of pre-PCR mis-priming and primer dimerization improves low-copy-number amplifications. <i>Nucleic Acid Res.</i> 20 (7), 1717-1723.
	2 Kellogg, DE <i>et al.</i> (1994) TaqStart Antibody: hot-start PCR facilitated by a neutralizing monoclonal antibody directed against Taq DNA poly- merase. <i>BioTechniques</i> 16 (6), 1134-1137.
	3 Birch, DE et al. (1996) Simplified hot start PCR. Nature 381 (6581), 445-446.
	 4 PCR Manual, Roche Diagnostics (1999) 2nd edition. 2, 52-58. 5 Holland, PM. <i>et al.</i> (1991) Detection of specific polymerase chain reaction product by utilizing the 5´->3´ exonuclease activity of Thermus aquaticus DNA polymerase. <i>Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA.</i> 88 (16), 7276-7280.
Quality Control	The FastStart Essential DNA Probes Master is function tested using the LightCycler $\ensuremath{^{\ensuremath{\mathbb{R}}}}$ Nano Instrument.

6. Supplementary Information

6.1 Conventions

Text Conventions

	Text Convention	Usage
	Numbered stages labeled ①, ② <i>etc</i> .	Stages in a process that usually occur in the order listed.
	Numbered instructions labeled 1 , 2 <i>etc</i> .	Steps in a procedure that must be performed in the order listed.
	A - L - 2' - L - *	Denotes a product available from Roche Applied
	Asterisk *	Science.
Symbols	In this document, the foll mation:	Science.
Symbols	In this document, the foll mation:	Science.
Symbols	In this document, the foll mation: Symbol Description (Construction Not Additional infor	Science. lowing symbols are used to highlight important infor- te: mation about the current topic or procedure.

6.2 Changes to Previous Version

- LightCycler[®] 96 System included
- Editorial changes

6.3 Ordering Information

Roche Applied Science offers a large selection of reagents and systems for life science research. For a complete overview of related products and manuals, visit and bookmark our home page, www.roche-applied-science.com, and our Special Interest Sites for:

 Real-Time PCR Systems (LightCycler[®] Carousel-based System, LightCycler[®] Nano System, LightCycler[®] 96 System, LightCycler[®] 480 System,

	 LightCycler[®] 1536 System, Universal ProbeLibrary, and RealTime rewww.lightcycler.com Automated Sample Preparation (MagNA Lyser Instrument, MagNA Compact System, MagNA Pure LC, and MagNA Pure 96 System): www.magnapure.com DNA and RNA Preparation - Versatile Tools for Nucleic Acid Purification www.roche-applied-science.com/napure RealTime ready Cell Lysis Kit: www.gene-expression.roche.com RealTime ready qPCR Assays with pre-tested UPL-probes: www.realtimeready.roche.com 				
	Product	Pack Size	Cat. No.		
Instrument and Software	LightCycler [®] Nano Instrument LightCycler [®] 96 System	1 instrument (includ- ing USB stick with soft- ware) 1 instrument (including USB stick with software)	06 407 773 001 05 815 916 001		
Accessories	LightCycler [®] 8-Tube Strips (clear)	120 strips – incl. caps	06 327 672 001		
	LightCycler [®] 8-Tube Strips (white)	120 strips – incl. caps	06 612 601 001		
	LightCycler [®] 480 Multiwell Plate 96, white	5 × 10 plates with seal- ing foils	04 729 692 001		
	LightCycler [®] 480 Sealing Foil	50 foils	04 729 757 001		
PCR Reagents	FastStart Essential DNA Green Master	5 × 1 ml (5 × 100 reac- tions, 20 µl each)	06 402 712 001		
	FastStart Essential DNA Probes Master	5 × 1 ml (5 × 100 reac- tions, 20 µl each)	06 402 682 001		
Starter Packs	LightCycler [®] Nano DNA Green Starter Pack	LightCycler [®] Nano Instrument, 8 packs of Fast Start Essential DNA Green Master, 4 packs of strips	06 444 199 001		
	LightCycler [®] Nano DNA Probes Starter Pack	LightCycler [®] Nano Instrument, 8 packs of Fast Start Essential DNA Probes Master, 4 packs of strips	06 444 202 001		
Value Packs	LightCycler [®] Nano DNA Green Value Pack S	2 packs of Fast Start Essential DNA Green Master, 1 pack of strips	06 444 229 001		

	LightCycler [®] 96 DNA Green Value Pack S	5 packs of Fast Start Essential DNA Green Master, 1 pack LightCycler [®] 480 Multiwell Plates 96	06 713 092 001
	LightCycler [®] Nano DNA Green Value Pack L	4 packs of Fast Start Essential DNA Green Master, 2 packs of strips	06 444 172 001
	LightCycler [®] 96 DNA Green Value Pack L	20 packs of Fast Start Essential DNA Green Master, 2 packs of LightCycler [®] 480 Multi- well Plates 96	06 713 106 001
	LightCycler [®] Nano DNA Probes Value Pack S	2 packs of Fast Start Essential DNA Probes Master, 1 pack of strips	06 444 164 001
	LightCycler [®] 96 DNA Probes Value Pack S	5 packs of Fast Start Essential DNA Probes Master, 1 pack LightCycler [®] 480 Multiwell Plates 96	06 713 076 001
	LightCycler [®] Nano DNA Probes Value Pack L	4 packs of Fast Start Essential DNA Probes Master, 2 packs of strips	06 444 156 001
	LightCycler [®] 96 DNA Probes Value Pack L	20 packs of Fast Start Essential DNA Probes Master, 2 packs LightCycler [®] 480 Multiwell Plates 96	06 713 122 001
Universal ProbeLibrary	Universal ProbeLibrary Set, Human	Library of 90 pre-tested detection probes	04 683 633 001
	Universal ProbeLibrary Set, Mouse	Library of 90 pre-tested detection probes	04 683 641 001
	Universal ProbeLibrary Set, Rat	Library of 90 pre-tested detection probes	04 683 650 001
	Universal ProbeLibrary Extension Set	Library of 75 pre-tested detection probes (probes #91 to #165)	04 869 877 001
RealTime ready Assays	RealTime ready Catalog Assay		05 532 957 001

	RealTime ready Designer Assay		05 583 055 001
Associated Kits and Reagents	LightCycler [®] 480 RNA Master Hydrolysis Probe	1 kit (5 × 100 reac- tions, 20 μl each)	04 991 885 001
	LightCycler [®] Uracil-DNA Glycosylase	100 U (50 ml)	03 539 806 001
	Transcriptor Reverse Transcriptase	250 U (25 reactions of 50 µl each)	03 531 317 001
		500 U (50 reactions of 50 µl each)	03 531 295 001
		2,000 U (200 reactions of 50 µl each)	03 531 287 001
	Transcriptor First Strand cDNA Synthesis Kit	1 kit (50 reactions, including 10 control reactions)	04 379 012 001
	First Strand cDNA Synthesis Kit for RT-PCR (AMV)	1 kit (30 reactions, including 5 control reactions)	11 483 188 001
	Transcriptor Universal cDNA Master	100 reactions	05 893 151 001

6.4 Disclaimer of License

NOTICE: This product may be subject to certain use restrictions. Before using this product, please refer to the Online Technical Support page (http://technical-support.roche.com) and search under the product number or the product name, whether this product is subject to a license disclaimer containing use restrictions.

6.5 Trademarks

LIGHTCYCLER, LC, FASTSTART, MAGNA PURE, MAGNA LYSER, REALTIME READY, and HIGH PURE are trademarks of Roche.

SYBR is a trademark of Molecular Probes, Inc., Eugene, OR, USA.

Exiqon and ProbeLibrary are registered trademarks of Exiqon A/S, Vedbaek, Denmark.

All other product names and trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

6.6 Regulatory Disclaimer

For life science research only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

Contact and Support	If you have questions or experience problems with this or any Roche Applied Science (RAS) product, please contact our Technical Support staff. Our scientists commit themselves to providing rapid and effective help. We also want you to contact us if you have suggestions for enhancing RAS product performance or using our products in new or specialized ways. Such customer information has repeatedly proven invaluable to RAS and the worldwide research community.
	To ask questions, solve problems, suggest enhancements or report new appli- cations, please visit our Online Technical Support Site at:
	www.roche-applied-science.com/support
	To call, write, fax, or email us, visit the Roche Applied Science home page, www.roche-applied-science.com, and select your home country. Country-specific contact information will be displayed. On the Roche Applied Science home page select Printed Materials to find: in-depth Technical Manuals Lab FAQS: Protocols and references for life science research our quarterly Biochemica Newsletter Material Safety Data Sheets Pack Inserts and Product Instructions or to request hard copies of printed materials.

Roche Diagnostics GmbH Roche Applied Science 68298 Mannheim Germany