For general laboratory use.



# LightCycler<sup>®</sup> Multiplex DNA Master

**Content version: October 2016** 

Easy-to-use 5x reaction mix optimized for multiplex qPCR, compatible with the LightCyler<sup>®</sup> 480, LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 96, or the LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 2.0 Real-Time PCR Systems

Cat. No. 07 339 577 001 1 kit

Cat. No. 07 339 585 001

1,000 reactions of 20 μl final volume each 1 kit 200 reactions of 20 μl final volume each

Store the kit at −15 to −25°C.

1.	General Information	3
1.1.	Contents	3
1.2.	Storage and Stability	3
	Storage Conditions (Product)	
1.3.	Additional Equipment and Reagents Required	4
1.4.	Application	4
1.5.	Preparation Time	
	Typical run time	4
2.	How to Use this Product	5
2.1.	Before you Begin	5
	Sample Materials	
	Control Reactions Primers	
	Printers	
	Mg <sup>2+</sup> Concentration	-
	General Considerations	
	Precautions	5
2.2.	Protocols	
	LightCycler <sup>®</sup> 480 and LightCycler <sup>®</sup> 96 System Protocol Protocol for Use with the LightCycler <sup>®</sup> 480 Instrument II (Multiwell Plate 96 or 384)	
	Protocol for Use with the LightCycler <sup>®</sup> 96 Instrument	
	Setup of the qPCR Reaction for the LightCycler <sup>®</sup> 480 and LightCycler <sup>®</sup> 96 Instrument	
	Protocol for Use with the LightCycler <sup>®</sup> 2.0 Instrument	
	Setup of the qPCR Reaction for the LightCycler <sup>®</sup> 2.0 Instrument	
3.	Results	16
4.	Troubleshooting	
5.	Additional Information on this Product	
5.1.	Quality Control	18
6.	Supplementary Information	19
6.1.	Conventions	19
6.2.	Changes to previous version	19
6.3.	Ordering Information	20
6.4.	Trademarks	21
6.5.	License Disclaimer	21
6.6.	Regulatory Disclaimer	
6.7.	Safety Data Sheet	
6.8.	Contact and Support	

## 1. General Information

## 1.1.Contents

Vial / Bottle	Сар	Label	Function / Description	Catalog Number	Content
1	red	LightCycler®	Contains qPCR Reaction	07 339 585 001	1 vial, 880 µl
		Multiplex DNA Master, qPCR Reaction Mix, 5x conc.	Buffer, AptaTaq Polymerase, dATP, dCTP, dGTP, dUTP, MgCl <sub>2</sub> , and proprietary additives.	07 339 577 001	5 vials, 880 µl each
2	colorless	LightCycler®	To adjust the final	07 339 585 001	3 vials, 1 ml each
	Multiplex DNA Master, reaction volume. Water, PCR Grade	reaction volume.	07 339 577 001	15 vials, 1 ml each	

## 1.2. Storage and Stability

## **Storage Conditions (Product)**

The kit is shipped on dry ice.

When stored at -15 to -25°C, the kit is stable through the expiration date printed on the label. The kit is stable at +2 to +8°C for 4 weeks.

Vial / Bottle	Сар	Label	Storage
1	red	qPCR Reaction Mix, 5x conc.	<ul> <li>Store at −15 to −25°C.</li> <li>Avoid repeated freezing and thawing (more than 5 times).</li> <li>Aliquot Vial 1 and freeze or store Vial 1 at +2 to +8°C for a maximum of 4 weeks.</li> </ul>
2	colorless	Water, PCR Grade	Store at $-15$ to $-25^{\circ}$ C or store at $+2$ to $+8^{\circ}$ C for a maximum of 4 weeks.

## **1.3. Additional Equipment and Reagents Required**

#### **Standard Laboratory Equipment**

- Nuclease free pipette tips
- 1.5 ml RNase-free microcentrifuge tubes to prepare master mixes and dilutions.
- To minimize risk of RNase contamination, autoclave all vessels.

#### For qPCR

- Real-Time PCR systems such as the LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 480, LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 96, or the LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 2.0 Instruments\*
- LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 480 Multiwell Plate 96\* or 384\*
- LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 8-Tube Strips (white)\*
- LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 8-Tube Strip Adapter Plate\*
- LightCycler<sup>®</sup> Capillaries (20 µl)\*
- Standard swinging-bucket centrifuge with rotor for multiwell plates
- Real-Time PCR systems such as Applied Biosystems QuantStudio<sup>™</sup> 7 Flex Real-Time PCR System, Applied Biosystems 7500 Real-Time PCR System, Applied Biosystems 7900HT Fast Real-Time PCR System, Applied Biosystems StepOnePlus<sup>™</sup>Real-Time PCR System,

and Bio-Rad CFX96<sup>™</sup> Real-Time PCR Detection System

#### For qPCR Primer and Probe Design

- Universal ProbeLibrary Assay Design Center at www.universalprobelibrary.com
- To design and order qPCR assays and panels: www.realtimeready.roche.com

#### **Optional For DNA Purification**

- MagNA Pure 96 Instrument\* including disposables
- MagNA Pure 96 Internal Control Tube\*, optional
- MagNA Pure 96 DNA and Viral NA Kit, Large Volume\* or
- MagNA Pure 96 DNA and Viral NA Kit, Small Volume\*

Alternatively, use other nucleic acid purification instruments and manual sample preparation products such as:

- MagNA Pure LC 2.0 Instrument\* with MagNA Pure LC Total Nucleic Acid Isolation Kit\*
- MagNA Pure Compact Instrument\* with MagNA Pure Compact Nucleic Acid Isolation Kit I\*
- High Pure Viral Nucleic Acid Kit\*

## 1.4. Application

The LightCycler<sup>®</sup> Multiplex DNA Master is designed for fast, highly sensitive and specific real-time PCR analysis of DNA.

The single-vial master mix allows fast and convenient hot start qPCR without the need for upfront polymerase activation incubation. The mix is optimized for use with hydrolysis probes as well as Universal ProbeLibrary (UPL) probes, and does not require optimization of MgCl<sub>2</sub> concentration.

## **1.5. Preparation Time**

## Typical run time

The LightCycler<sup>®</sup> Multiplex DNA Master can be used for multiplex qPCR protocols. For example, a triplex protocol using 45 cycles requires less than 60 minutes when using the LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 480 System.

## 2. How to Use this Product

## 2.1. Before you Begin

### **Sample Materials**

Use any template DNA suitable for qPCR in terms of purity, concentration, and absence of PCR inhibitors. For reproducible isolation of nucleic acids, we recommend:

- Either a MagNA Pure System together with a dedicated reagent kit (for automated isolation),
- or a High Pure Nucleic Acid Isolation Kit (for manual isolation).

## **Control Reactions**

#### **No Template Controls**

We highly recommend testing known negative specimens as controls in each run to control for possible contamination. To prepare a no template control, replace the template DNA with Water, PCR Grade (Vial 2).

### **Primers**

Suitable concentrations of PCR primers range from 0.2 to 0.5  $\mu M$  final concentration. The recommended starting concentration is 0.5  $\mu M$  each.

### Probe

Suitable concentrations of hydrolysis probes range from 0.05 to 0.5  $\mu$ M (final concentration in PCR). The recommended starting concentration is 0.25  $\mu$ M each.

- *i* The optimal probe concentration is the lowest concentration that results in the lowest quantification cycle value (Cq) and adequate fluorescence dynamics for a given target concentration.
- *i* For a hydrolysis probe hybridization complex, the Tm of the hydrolysis probe has to be higher than the Tm of the primers.

## Mg<sup>2+</sup> Concentration

The master mix is optimized with a fixed concentration of MgCl<sub>2</sub>, and should not need concentration optimization for most assays.

## **General Considerations**

#### **Precautions**

Always use nuclease free techniques. Nuclease contaminated reagents and reaction vessels will degrade template nucleic acids. Please follow these guidelines to minimize risk of contamination:

- · Wear disposable gloves and change them frequently.
- Avoid touching surfaces or materials that could cause nuclease carryover.
- Use only reagents provided in this kit. Substitutions may introduce nucleases.
- Clean and decontaminate work areas and instruments, including pipettes, with commercially available decontamination reagents.
- Use only new nuclease-free aerosol-blocking pipette tips.
- Use a work area specifically designated for nucleic acid work, and if possible, use reaction vessels and pipettes
  dedicated only for work with template nucleic acid.

## 2.2. Protocols

#### LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 480 and LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 96 System Protocol

The following procedure is optimized for use with the corresponding LightCycler® System you are using.

#### A Program the LightCycler® Instrument before preparing the reaction mixes.

*i* For details on how to program the experimental protocol, see the current LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 480 Instrument Operator's Manual, LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 96 System Operator's Guide, or LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 2.0 Instrument Operator's Manual B.

The LightCycler® 480 Instrument II protocol contains the following programs:

- · Pre-Incubation for activation of DNA polymerase and denaturation of the DNA
- Amplification of the DNA
- **Cooling** of the thermal block

## Protocol for Use with the LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 480 Instrument II (Multiwell Plate 96 or 384)

Setup					
Block Type		Reaction Volume [µl]			
96 (384)			20 (10)		
Detection Format		Excitation Filter		Emission Filter	
Mono Color Hydro Probe	olysis Probe / UPL				
FAM		465		510	
Programs					
Program Name		Cycles		Analysis Mode	
Pre-Incubation		1		None	
Amplification		45 <sup>(1)</sup> Quantification			
Cooling		1		None	
Temperature Targe	ets				
	Target [°C]	Acquisition Mode	Hold [hh:mm:ss]	Ramp Rate [°C/s]	Acquisitions [per °C]
Pre-Incubation	95	None	00:00:30	4.4 (4.8)	_
Amplification	95	None	00:00:05	4.4 (4.8)	_
	60 <sup>(2)</sup>	Single	00:00:30	2.2 (2.5)	-
Cooling	40	None	00:00:30	2.2 (2.5)	-

<sup>(1)</sup> Forty-five cycles is suitable for most assays. If the assay shows steep amplification curves and early crossing points, 40 cycles should be sufficient. Reducing the number of cycles will improve uniformity of the product and reduce the time required for the assay.

<sup>(2)</sup> The LightCycler<sup>®</sup> Multiplex DNA Master includes an aptamer for hot start. Anneal/Extend temperatures significantly below 60°C may not be well tolerated because aptamers will inhibit DNA polymerase activity at low temperatures.

#### Color Compensation Protocol for the LightCycler® 480 Instrument II

For a multicolor, multiplex amplification, the application of a color compensation file is necessary to compensate for optical crosstalk between the different channels. For the LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 480 Instrument II, an instrument-specific color compensation file is mandatory for multicolor experiments, and a color compensation object can be generated by performing the following experiment.

The LightCycler® 480 Instrument II protocol contains the following programs:

- Pre-Incubation for activation of DNA polymerase and denaturation of the DNA
- Amplification of the DNA
- Temperature Gradient Step to create the Color Compensation file
- Cooling of the thermal block
- *i* For details on how to program the experimental protocol, see the LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 480 Software Operator's Manual, Version 1.5.

## Programming a Customized Detection Format for the LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 480 System Filter Combination Selection

The Detection Format in the LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 480 Software, Version 1.5 setup must be customized for the applied multicolor hydrolysis probe format used in the qPCR detection. In the **Tool** module, the **Detection Formats** option allows creating a new detection format specified by the user, including a **Detection Format** list, a **Filter Combination** selection area, and a **Selected Filter Combination List**. Different filter settings for the LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 480 II Instrument are defined. The following table shows the qPCR parameters that must be programmed for a LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 480 Instrument Color Compensation file with a LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 480 Multiwell Plate 96.

Setup					
Block Type Reaction Volume [µl]					
96			20		
Detection Format	t	Excitation Filter		Emission Filter	
For example: 3 Color Hydrolysi	s Prohe				
FAM	311000	465		510	
Red 610		533		610	
Cy 5		618		660	
		obes detection format he following values:	ts, set for all selecte	d filters in the "Sele	cted Filter
Melt Factor		1			
Quant Factor		10			
Max Integration	Fime (Sec)	2			
Programs					
Program Name		Cycles	Cycles Analysis Mode		
Pre-Incubation		1	1 None		
Amplification		45	45 Quantification		
Temperature Gra	dient Step	1	1 Color Compensation		
Cooling		1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Temperature Targ	jets				
	Target [°C]	Acquisition Mode	Hold [hh:mm:ss]	Ramp Rate [°C/s]	Acquisitions [per °C]
Pre-Incubation	95	None	00:00:30	4.4	_
Amplification	95	None	00:00:05	4.4	_
	60	Single	00:00:30	4.4	_
Temperature	95	None	00:00:10	4.4	_
Gradient Step	40	None	00:00:10	2.2	_
	95	Continuous	_	_	5
Cooling	40	None	00:00:30	2.2	_

#### Preparation of the Color Compensation Run

Prepare the calibrator qPCR mix for more than one reaction. Multiply the amount in the volume column by the number of reactions you need (minimum of 3 to 5 replicates) plus additional reactions since there will be a slight loss of liquid during the pipetting steps. In order to ensure accuracy, do not pipette volumes less than 1  $\mu$ l when adding the individual reagents. For each dye, set up the following reactions:

Reagent	1x Buffer [µl]	1x for each Dye [µl]
qPCR Reaction Mix, 5x conc. (Vial 1)	4.0	4.0
Detection mix for each dye	_	X (depending on the assay)
Water, PCR Grade (Vial 2)	16.0	Y (depending on the assay)
Templates, such as DNA or positive samples eluates	-	5.0
Total Volume	20.0	20.0

Dipette the replicates of each different calibrator mix into a precooled LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 480 Multiwell Plate 96.

2 Seal the LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 480 Multiwell Plate using a sealing foil.

3 Place the multiwell plate in a standard swinging-bucket centrifuge containing a rotor for multiwell plates with suitable adaptors. Balance it with a suitable counterweight (*e.g.*, another plate), and centrifuge for 2 minutes at  $1,500 \times g$ .

4 Load the multiwell plate into the LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 480 Instrument II and start the program.

#### **Create Color Compensation Object**

When the experiment is finished, open the **Sample Editor**. Select workflow **Color Comp** and designate the used positions of the Multiwell Plate as "Water" for buffer replicates, and the appropriate dyes respectively (*e.g.*, FAM, Red 610, Cy5 for the example mentioned above).

Open the **Analysis** module "Color Compensation", click on **Calculate**, and save the color compensation object in the database.

From this point on, you can apply this "CC Object" to each dual-, triple- or quadruple-color experiment performed with FAM, Yellow 555, Red 610, and Cy5 on the same instrument.

Run Editor							
Detection Format			Reaction Volume	(μl)			
Selected dyes used in your assays.20If using the DNA Process Control, select Cy5.20							
Programs							
	Temp. [°C]	Ramp [°C/s]	Duration [s]	Acquisition Mode			
Pre-Incubation	95	4.4	30	None			
2-Step Amplification	No. of Cycles: 45 <sup>(1)</sup>						
	95	4.4	5	None			
	60 <sup>(2)</sup>	2.2	30	Single			

#### Protocol for Use with the LightCycler® 96 Instrument

<sup>(1)</sup> Forty-five cycles is suitable for most assays. If the assay shows steep amplification curves and early crossing points, 40 cycles should be sufficient. Reducing the number of cycles will improve uniformity of the product and reduce the time required for the assay.

<sup>(2)</sup> The LightCycler<sup>®</sup> Multiplex DNA Master includes an aptamer for hot start. Anneal/Extend temperatures significantly below 60°C may not be well tolerated because aptamers will inhibit DNA polymerase activity at low temperatures.

#### Color Compensation Protocol for the LightCycler® 96 Instrument

The LightCycler® 96 Instrument does not require the creation of a color compensation object.

## Setup of the qPCR Reaction for the LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 480 and LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 96 Instrument

Follow the procedure below to prepare at least ten 20 µl standard reactions. Ten microliter amplifications to be used for 384-well plate setups:

- 1 Do not touch the surface of the LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 480 Multiwell Plate.
- Thaw the solutions and, to ensure recovery of all the contents, briefly spin vials in a microcentrifuge before opening.
  - Mix carefully by pipetting up and down or vortex briefly.
  - Place samples on ice.

2 Prepare a 20x conc. solution of your primers and a 20x conc. solution of your probes.

In a 1.5 ml reaction tube, prepare the qPCR Mix and put on ice. For best results, prepare at least 10 reactions in order to reduce pipetting errors. To prepare more reactions, multiply the amount in the "Volume 1 Reaction" column below by the number of reactions to be run, plus at least one additional reaction.

Reagent <sup>(1)</sup>	Volume 1 Reaction [µl]		Volume 10 Reactions [µl]		Final conc.
	96-well plate	384-well plate	96-well plate	384-well plate	
Water, PCR Grade (Vial 2)	9.0	4.5	90.0	45.0	-
qPCR Reaction Mix, 5x con. (Vial 1)	4.0	2.0	40.0	20.0	1x
Primer Mix, 20x conc.	1.0	0.5	10.0	5.0	1x
Probe Mix 20x conc.	1.0	0.5	10.0	5.0	1x
Total Volume	15.0	7.5	150.0	75.0	

<sup>(1)</sup> For eluates derived from stool samples, it is recommended to add 0.2  $\mu$ g/ $\mu$ l (final) of molecular biology-grade Bovine Serum Albumin. Adjust for BSA volume by subtracting from PCR Water volume.

#### 5 – Place on ice.

– Although we recommend working on ice and preparing the reagents right before use, the working solution (everything combined except DNA template) is stable at +15 to +25°C up to 4 hours, and is therefore ideal for use in automated workflows.

6 Prepare sample concentration of the DNA.

Pipette 15 µl (7.5 µl) qPCR Mix into a precooled multiwell plate.

- Add 5 µl (2.5 µl) of the DNA template.
- Seal multiwell plate with a LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 480 Sealing Foil.

Place the Multiwell Plate 96 into a standard swinging-bucket centrifuge with a suitable adapter and balance it with a suitable counterweight (e.g., another multiwell plate).

- Centrifuge at 1,500  $\times$  g for 0.5 to 2 minutes.

9 Load the reaction vessels into the LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 480 or LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 96 Instrument.

**10** Start the PCR program described above.

– If you use reaction volumes other than 20  $\mu$ l, be sure to adapt the right volume in the running protocol. To start, we recommend using the same hold times as for the 20  $\mu$ l volume.

#### Protocol for Use with the LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 2.0 Instrument

A LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 2.0 Instrument protocol that uses the LightCycler<sup>®</sup> Multiplex DNA Master contains the following programs:

- Pre-Incubation for activation of DNA polymerase and denaturation of the DNA
- Amplification of the DNA
- Cooling the rotor and thermal chamber

The following table shows the PCR parameters that must be programmed for a LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 2.0 Instrument PCR run with the LightCycler<sup>®</sup> Multiplex DNA Master using the LightCycler<sup>®</sup> Capillaries (20 µl).

LightCycler <sup>®</sup> Software	e Version 4.1						
Programs							
Setup <sup>(1)</sup>		Setting					
Default Channel		Fluorescence Cha	innel				
Seek Temperature		30°C					
Max Seek Pos.		Enter the total nu should look.	mber of sample positior	ns for which the instrument			
Instrument Type		"6 Ch." for LightC	ycler <sup>®</sup> 2.0 Instrument				
Capillary Size		Select "20 µl" as t	Select "20 µl" as the capillary size for the experiment.				
Programs							
Program Name		Cycles	Analysis Mode				
Pre-Incubation		1	None				
Amplification		45 <sup>(2)</sup>	Quantification	Quantification			
Cooling		1	None	None			
Temperature Targets							
	Target [°C]	Hold [hh:mm:ss]	Ramp Rate [°C/s]	Acquisition Mode [per °C]			
Pre-Incubation	95	00:00:30	20	None			
Amplification	95	00:00:05	20	None			
	<b>60</b> <sup>(3)</sup>	00:00:30	20	Single			
Cooling	40	00:00:30	20	None			

<sup>(1)</sup> The LightCycler<sup>®</sup> Multiplex DNA Master includes an aptamer for hot start. Anneal/Extend temperatures significantly below 60°C may not be well tolerated because aptamer will inhibit DNA polymerase activity at low temperatures. <sup>(2)</sup> Forty-five cycles are suitable for most assays. If the assay shows steep amplification curves and early crossing points, 40 cycles should be sufficient. Reducing the number of cycles will improve uniformity of the product and reduce the time required for the assay.

<sup>(3)</sup> Most available assays are designed for an annealing temperature of +60°C. If the Tm of the primers and probe indicate using different settings, select an annealing temperature +5°C below the calculated primer Tm for initial experiments. For assay optimization, choose the highest annealing temperature which still results in a high yield of amplicon with a low Cq and adequate fluorescence dynamics.

#### Color Compensation Protocol for the LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 2.0 Instrument

The following procedure is optimized for use with the LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 2.0 System. Program the LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 2.0 Instrument before preparing the reaction mixes. A LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 2.0 Instrument color compensation protocol that uses the LightCycler<sup>®</sup> Multiplex DNA Master contains the following programs:

- Pre-Incubation for activation of DNA polymerase and denaturation of the DNA
- Amplification of the DNA
- Temperature Gradient Step for Color Compensation
- **Cooling** the rotor and thermal chamber

*i* For details on how to program the experimental protocol, see the LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 2.0 Instrument Operator's Manual B.

#### **Color Compensation Protocol**

The performance of a color compensation is a prerequisite for running a dual-color experiment. The generated color compensation file is used to compensate for crosstalk between the individual detection channels when performing multi-color experiments. A color compensation calibration run is performed by running a blank capillary (containing Water, PCR Grade), and individual capillaries with one dye each (monocolor PCR reactions), in a qPCR program, followed by a color compensation analysis.

The following tables show the parameters that must be programmed for a LightCycler<sup>®</sup> Instrument Color Compensation calibration run with the LightCycler<sup>®</sup> Multiplex DNA Master.

LightCycler <sup>®</sup> Software	Version 4.1				
Programs					
Setup		Setting			
Default Channel		Fluorescence Channe	I		
Seek Temperature		30°C			
Max Seek Pos.		Enter the total numbe should look.	r of sample positions fo	r which the instrument	
Instrument Type		"6 Ch." for LightCycle	r <sup>®</sup> 2.0 Instrument		
Capillary Size		Select "20 µl" as the c	apillary size for the exp	eriment.	
Programs					
Program Name		Cycles	Analysis Mode		
Pre-Incubation		1	None		
Amplification		45	Quantification		
Temperature Gradient		1	Color Compensation		
Cooling		1	None		
Temperature Targets					
	Target [°C]	Hold [hh:mm:ss]	Ramp Rate [°C/s]	Acquisition Mode [per °C]	
Pre-Incubation	95	00:00:05	20	None	
Amplification	95	00:00:01	20	None	
	60	00:00:15	20	Single	
Temperature Gradient	95	00:00:01	20	None	
	40	00:01:00	20	None	
	95	00:00:00	0.2	Continuous	
Cooling	40	00:00:30	20	None	

#### **Preparation of the Color Compensation Mixes**

#### ▲ Do not touch the surface of the LightCycler® Capillaries.

D Place three LightCycler<sup>®</sup> Capillaries (20 µl) into precooled LightCycler<sup>®</sup> Centrifuge Adapters.

2 Prepare the capillaries (20 µl, each), as shown in Step 3.

3 For each dye, set up the following reactions:

Reagent	Volume for each Dye [µl]	Capillary with Water [µl]
qPCR Reaction Mix, 5x conc. (Vial 1)	4.0	-
Detection mix for each dye	X (depending on the assay)	-
Water, PCR Grade (Vial 2)	Y (depending on the assay)	20.0
Bovine Serum Albumin (20 µg/µl) <sup>(1)</sup>	0.2	-
Template, such as DNA or positive sample eluates	5.0	-
Total Volume	20.0	20.0

<sup>(1)</sup> Molecular biology-grade Bovine Serum Albumin is recommended.

4 Seal each capillary with a stopper using the LightCycler<sup>®</sup> Capping Tool.

5 Place the centrifuge adapters (containing the capillaries) into a standard benchtop microcentrifuge.

Place the centrifuge adapters in a balanced arrangement within the centrifuge.
 Centrifuge at 700 × *g* for 5 seconds (3,000 rpm in a standard benchtop microcentrifuge). Alternatively, use the LC Carousel Centrifuge for spinning the capillaries.

 Place the capillaries in the following order in the sample carousel of the LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 2.0 Instrument: Carousel rotor position 1: Water
 Carousel rotor position 2: Monocolor PCR for Dye 1
 Carousel rotor position 3: Monocolor PCR for Dye 2

O Cycle the samples as described above and edit the dominant channel in the "Analysis Type" - "Color Comp" accordingly.

#### **Create Color Compensation Objects**

When the experiment is finished, click on the **Analysis** button and select **Color Compensation** (Other Methods) from the **Analysis** Menu. Save the experiment by clicking the **Save CC Object** button. Place the object in the "Special DataÌC" folder under your user name.

After doing this, you can apply the specific "CC Object" you created to any dual-color hydrolysis probe experiment that is performed with the same dye combination.

#### Setup of the qPCR Reaction for the LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 2.0 Instrument

*i This setup can also be used in a qPCR protocol for the LightCycler*<sup>®</sup> *1.x Instrument.* Follow the procedure below to prepare at least ten 20 µl standard reactions:

#### **A** Do not touch the surface of the LightCycler<sup>®</sup> Capillaries.

Thaw the solutions and, to ensure recovery of all the contents, briefly spin vials in a microcentrifuge before opening.

- Mix carefully by pipetting up and down or vortex briefly.

- Place samples on ice.

2 Prepare a 20x conc. solution of your primers and a 20x conc. solution of your probes.

#### 3 In a 1.5 ml reaction tube, prepare the PCR Mix and put on ice.

- For best results, prepare at least 10 reactions in order to reduce pipetting errors. To prepare more reactions, multiply the amount in the "Volume 1 Reaction" column below by the number of reactions to be run, plus at least one additional reaction.

Reagent	Volume 1 Reaction [µl]	Volume 10 Reactions [µl]	Final conc.
Water, PCR Grade (Vial 2)	8.8	88.0	-
qPCR Reaction Mix, 5x conc. (Vial 1)	4.0	40.0	1x
Primer Mix, 20x conc. <sup>(1)</sup>	1.0	10.0	1x
Probe Mix, 20x conc.	1.0	10.0	1x
Bovine Serum Albumin (20 µg/µl) <sup>(2)</sup>	0.2	2.0	0.2 µg/µl
Total Volume	15.0	150.0	

<sup>(1)</sup> Due to possible primer/primer interactions that occur during storage, it may be necessary to preheat the PCR primer mix for 1 minute at +95°C before pipetting the complete mixture. This extra step will ensure optimum sensitivity.

<sup>(2)</sup> Molecular biology-grade Bovine Serum Albumin is recommended.

4	Mix carefull	y by pipetting	up and down	or vortex briefly.
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**5** – Place samples on ice.

– Although we recommend working on ice and preparing the reagents right before use, the working solution (everything combined except DNA template) is stable at +15 to +25°C for up to 4 hours, and is therefore ideal for use in automated workflows.

6 Prepare sample concentration of the DNA.

Pipette 15 µl PCR Mix into a LightCycler<sup>®</sup> Capillary.
 Add 5 µl of the DNA template.

8 Seal the LightCycler<sup>®</sup> Capillaries with a stopper using the LightCycler<sup>®</sup> Capping Tool.

9 If using the LC Carousel Centrifuge 2.0, proceed to Step 10.

Alternatively, place the capillaries in cooled adapters in a standard benchtop microcentrifuge in a balanced arrangement.

– Centrifuge at 700 × g (3,000 rpm) for 5 seconds, and transfer the capillaries to the LightCycler<sup>®</sup> Sample Carousel.

Place the LightCycler<sup>®</sup> Sample Carousel in the LightCycler<sup>®</sup> Carousel-Based Instrument.
 Start the program.

## 3. Results

The following results were obtained using the LightCycler<sup>®</sup> Multiplex DNA Master on the LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 480 Instrument. A duplex reaction using a  $\beta$ -globin-specific assay with BHQ-2 internally quenched probe (FAM) and a  $\beta$ 2M-specific assay with UPL probe (Yellow 555). Human reference cDNA served as the template.

FAM Channel (465 - 510)



**Fig. 1:** The FAM channel shows the results for  $\beta$ -globin. Amplification curves shown were generated from a four-fold dilution series [10 ng (far left), 2.5 ng, 625 pg, 156 pg, 40 pg, 10 pg, and 2.4 pg (far right)] of Human Reference cDNA. No template controls are shown in black (flat line). Duplex qPCR was performed in a reaction volume of 20 µl per well in a LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 480 Multiwell Plate 96.



Yellow 555 Channel (533 – 580)

**Fig. 2:** The Yellow 555 channel shows the results for  $\beta$ 2M. Amplification curves shown were generated from a fourfold dilution series [10 ng (far left), 2.5 ng, 625 pg, 156 pg, 39 pg, 10 pg, and 2.4 pg (far right)] of Human Reference cDNA. No template controls are shown in black (flat line). Duplex qPCR was performed in a reaction volume of 20 µl per well in a LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 480 Multiwell Plate 96.

## 4. Troubleshooting

Observation	Possible cause	Recommendation
Fluorescence intensity varies.	Some of the reagent is still in the upper part of the microwell or an air bubble is trapped in the microwell.	Repeat centrifugation, but allow sufficient centrifugation time so all reagent is at the bottom of the microwell and air bubbles are expelled.
	Skin oils or dirt on the surface of the microwell plate.	Always wear gloves when handling the multiwell plate.
Fluorescence intensity is	Low concentration or deterioration	Keep dye-labeled reagents protected from light.
very low.	of dyes in the reaction mixtures because dye was not stored properly.	Store the reagents at $-15$ to $-25^{\circ}$ C and avoid repeated freezing and thawing.
	Poor PCR efficiency (reaction conditions not optimized).	Primer concentration should be in the range of 0.2 to 0.5 $\mu$ M; probe concentration should be in the range of 0.2 to 0.5 $\mu$ M and half of the primer concentration.
		Check annealing temperature of primers and probes.
		Check experimental protocol.
		Optimize annealing temperature in the reverse transcription step or in the PCR reaction.
		Always run a positive control along with your samples.
	Chosen imaging time is too low.	Choose the appropriate detection format in combination with "dynamic" detection mode or
		<ul> <li>Increase imaging time when using "manual" detection mode.</li> <li><i>i</i> For details, see the LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 480 Software Instrument Operator's Manual.</li> </ul>
	qPCR primers and probes are not optimized.	Check sequence and location of the hydrolysis probe on the PCR product.
		Check PCR product on an agarose gel.
	PCR has not been optimized.	Check primer design (quality).
		Check PCR product on an agarose gel.
	DNA is degraded during isolation or improper storage.	If possible, check DNA quality.
	Pipetting errors and omitted reagents.	Check for missing reagents.
		Check the pipetting procedure.
	Impure sample material inhibits	Dilute sample 1:10 and repeat the analysis.
	reaction.	Repurify the nucleic acids to ensure removal of inhibitory agents.
Negative control sample gives a positive signal.	Contamination	Remake all critical reaction mixes. Be sure to use special pre-PCR setup working areas.

## 5. Additional Information on this Product

## **5.1. Quality Control**

Each lot of the LightCycler<sup>®</sup> Multiplex DNA Master is tested to meet specifications of the qPCR using a duplex qPCR assay on the LightCycler<sup>®</sup> 480 Instrument II.

## 6. Supplementary Information

## 6.1. Conventions

To make information consistent and easier to read, the following text conventions and symbols are used in this document to highlight important information:

Text convention and symbols			
<i>i</i> Information Note: Additional information about the current topic or procedure.			
<b>A</b> Important Note: Information critical to the success of the current procedure or use of the product.			
1 2 3 etc.	Stages in a process that usually occur in the order listed.		
1 2 3 etc.	Steps in a procedure that must be performed in the order listed.		
* (Asterisk)	The Asterisk denotes a product available from Roche Diagnostics.		

## 6.2. Changes to previous version

The kit has been tested with additional Real-Time PCR systems, see section **Additional Equipment and Reagents Required.** Editorial changes.

## 6.3. Ordering Information

Roche offers a large selection of reagents and systems for life science research. For a complete overview of related products and manuals, please visit and bookmark our homepage lifescience.roche.com.

Product	Pack Size	Cat. No.
Accessories general ( hardware )		
LightCycler <sup>®</sup> Centrifuge Adapters	1 set	11 909 312 001
LightCycler <sup>®</sup> Capping Tool	1 capping tool	03 357 317 001
LightCycler <sup>®</sup> 480 Block Kit 96 Silver	1 block kit	05 015 219 001
LightCycler <sup>®</sup> 480 Block Kit 384 Silver	1 block kit	05 015 197 001
LC Carousel Centrifuge 2.0	1 centrifuge plus rotor and rotor bucket (115 V)	03 709 507 001
	1 centrifuge plus rotor and rotor bucket (230 V)	03 709 582 001
LightCycler <sup>®</sup> 8-Tube Strip Adapter Plate	1 piece, adapter plate, The adapter plate can be used multiple times	06 612 598 001
Accessories software		
LightCycler <sup>®</sup> 480 Software, Version 1.5	1 software package	04 994 884 001
Consumables		
LightCycler <sup>®</sup> Capillaries (20 µl)	5 x 96 capillaries, containing 5 boxes, each with 96 capillaries and stoppers, 5 boxes, each with 96 capillaries and stoppers	04 929 292 001
LightCycler <sup>®</sup> 480 Multiwell Plate 96, white	5 x 10 plates	04 729 692 001
LightCycler <sup>®</sup> 480 Multiwell Plate 384, white	5 x 10 plates	04 729 749 001
LightCycler <sup>®</sup> 480 Sealing Foil	50 foils	04 729 757 001
MagNA Pure 96 Internal Control Tube		06 374 905 001
LightCycler <sup>®</sup> 8-Tube Strips (white)	10x 12 white strips and clear caps.	06 612 601 001
Instruments		
LightCycler <sup>®</sup> 2.0 Instrument	1 instrument	03 531 414 001
LightCycler <sup>®</sup> 480 Instrument II	1 instrument	05 015 278 001
	1 instrument	05 015 243 001
MagNA Pure LC 2.0 Instrument	1 instrument	05 197 686 001
MagNA Pure Compact Instrument	1 instrument with integrated PC, touchscreen monitor and bar-code reader	03 731 146 001
MagNA Pure 96 Instrument		06 541 089 001
LightCycler <sup>®</sup> 96 Instrument	1 instrument	05 815 916 001
Reagents , kits		
Bovine Serum Albumin	1 ml, 20 mg/ml	10 711 454 001
High Pure Viral Nucleic Acid Kit	1 kit, up to 100 isolations	11 858 874 001
MagNA Pure LC Total Nucleic Acid Isolation Kit	1 kit, up to 192 isolations	03 038 505 001
MagNA Pure Compact Nucleic Acid Isolation Kit I	1 kit, 4 x 8 sealed cartridges, 32 isolations	03 730 964 001
MagNA Pure 96 DNA and Viral NA Small Volume Kit		06 543 588 001
MagNA Pure 96 DNA and Viral NA Large Volume Kit		06 374 891 001

## 6.4. Trademarks

APTATAQ, HIGH PURE, LIGHTCYCLER and MAGNA PURE are trademarks of Roche. All third party product names and trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

## 6.5. License Disclaimer

For patent license limitations for individual products please refer to: http://technical-support.roche.com.

## 6.6. Regulatory Disclaimer

For general laboratory use.

## 6.7. Safety Data Sheet

Please follow the instructions in the Safety Data Sheet (SDS).

## 6.8. Contact and Support

If you have questions or experience problems with this or any Roche product for Life Science, please contact our Technical Support staff. Our scientists are committed to providing rapid and effective help. Please also contact us if you have suggestions for enhancing Roche product performance or using our products in

new or specialized ways. Such customer information has repeatedly proven invaluable to the research community worldwide.

To ask questions, solve problems, suggest enhancements or report new applications, please visit our **<u>Online</u>** <u>**Technical Support**</u> Site.

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